Sri H. SIDDAVEERAPPA (Minister for Home Affairs and Agriculture).—Sir, I introduce.

(i) The Mysore Places of Public Resort Bill, 1952.

(ii) The Mysore Agricultural Produce Markets (Amendment) Bill, 1952.

(iii) The Mysore Prohibition of Smoking in Show Houses and Public Halls Bill, 1952.

(iv) The Mysore Drugs Control (Amendment) Bill, 1952.

(v) The Mysore Restriction of Habitual Offenders Bill, 1952.

(vi) The Mysore Silkworm Seed (Control of Distribution) Bill, 1952.

which were published in the *Mysore Gazette* under Rule 48 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Mysore Legislative Assembly.

Message by His Highness the Maharaja for laying the annual Financial Statement before the Assembly.

Mr. SPEAKER.—I have received a communication from His Highness the Rajpramukh of Mysore, regarding the laying of the annual financial statement before the Assembly. It is as follows:

"ORDER"

"I, Jaya Chamaraja Wadiyar, *Rajpramukh* of Mysore, do hereby direct that the annual financial statement* appended hereto shall be laid before the Mysore Legislative Assembly as required by Article 202 of the Constitution read with Article 238.

JAYA CHAMARAJA WADIYAR,
Maharaja of Mysore."

FINANCIAL BUSINESS.

Presentation of the Budget for 1952-53.

Mr. SPEAKER.—The Hon'ble Chief Minister will now introduce the Budget for 1952-53.

Sri K. HANUMANTHAIYA (Chief Minister).—Sir, I have great pleasure in presenting to the House the Budget estimates for 1952-53.

India has entered upon a new era of freedom and self-government. Centuries of slavery, autocracy and exploitation sapped the energy and strength, and stunted the growth of our country. Poverty and its miseries took hold of the masses. Until domination and exploitation ended, there was no hope for the country. The struggle for freedom which took root a few decades back grew to such proportions that it ultimately succeeded in not only ending domination but also in liquidating autocracy. The people of India framed a Constitution which guarantees liberty, equality and democratic institutions. We have entered upon a new era of self-rule, self-respect and self-effort. This House is the very first House in the State to come into existence under the Constitution. This is the first Budget that is being presented to the House. Might I say that it is my good fortune that I am presenting this Budget to this august House for the first time in my life? I feel that this duty has been cast on me by Providence, and I have undertaken to do it with humility, sincerity and in a spirit of service. I need your sympathy, co-operation and counsel and I beseech you to give them to me in a generous measure.

The previous Finance Minister presented what is called the Interim Budget for 1952-53 on 21st March 1952, nearly three months back. He showed a revenue deficit of Rs. 83·95 lakhs, besides the prospect of a huge deficit of over three crores of rupees by reason of the Central Government stopping payment of food subsidy. The present Ministry took office in the face

*Copy distributed to members.